

MOVING TO ARC FOR WLCG PILOTS

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ARC OVERVIEW

A gateway from Grid to batch systems

- In use since 2004
- Widely deployed on European Grid sites, and beyond
- Modular, well-suited to heterogeneous environments:
 - from standard grid sites to restrictive HPCs
- Can pass complex job requirement and extra env variables to the LRMS
- SDK for client applications (C++ and python)
- CLI for job and data management (arcsub, arcstat, arccp, arcls, ...)
- Integrated information system and accounting tool





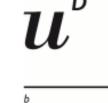




ARC MODES IN WLCG

- Pilot gateway
 - Suited to the standard pilot model used by the WLCG experiments
- NorduGrid
 - Suited to heterogeneous, distributed and HPC sites (e.g. no middleware on the wn's)
- Truepilot
 - Offers advanced job-to-site resource matching

- → The ARC operational mode is transparent to the site:
 no impact on ARC installation and operation, or site architecture
- → The experiment frameworks have since long integrated ARC with their WMSs

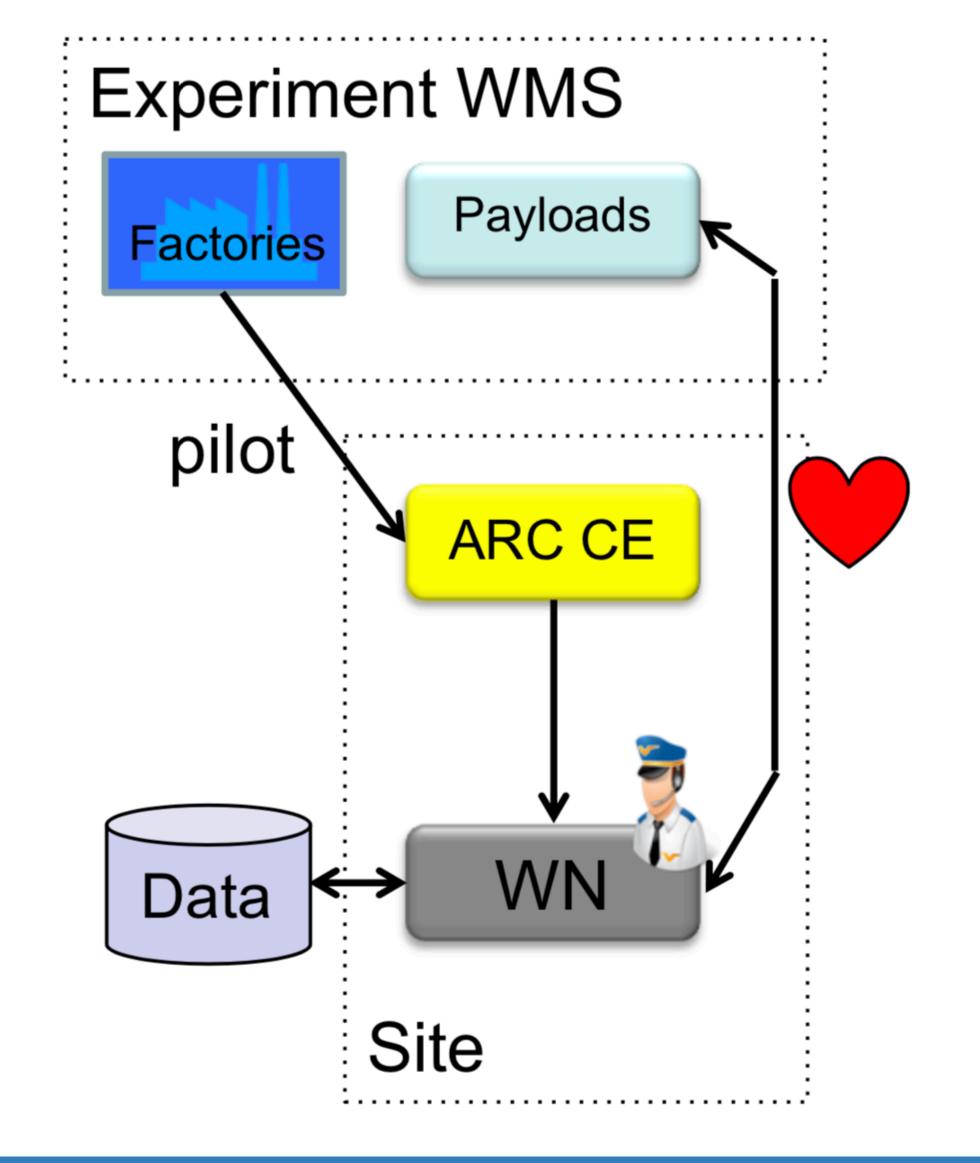




ARC AS PILOT GATEWAY

- Used by ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb
 - Pilot factory submits wrappers / agents to the sites
 - Pilot starts on worker node and pulls real payload(s)
 - Data staged-in and out of WN
 - Pilot reports back regularly to the WMS

> Same operational mode as CREAM







FOR FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS

ARC IN NORDUGRID AND TRUEPILOT MODE

Used by ATLAS

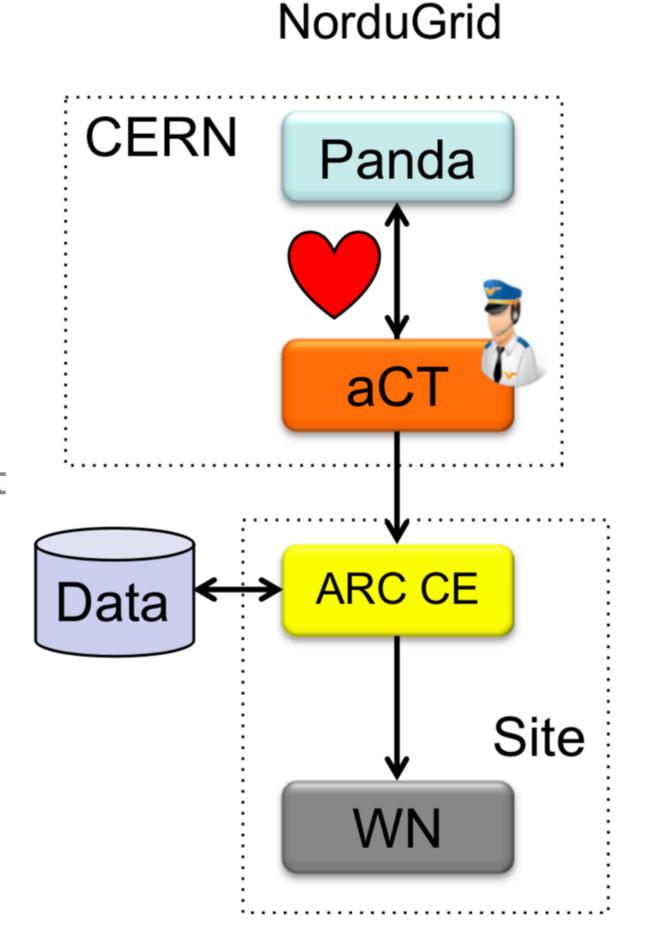
 aCT/harvester pulls the payload from Panda and pushes to ARC CE with the correct requirements

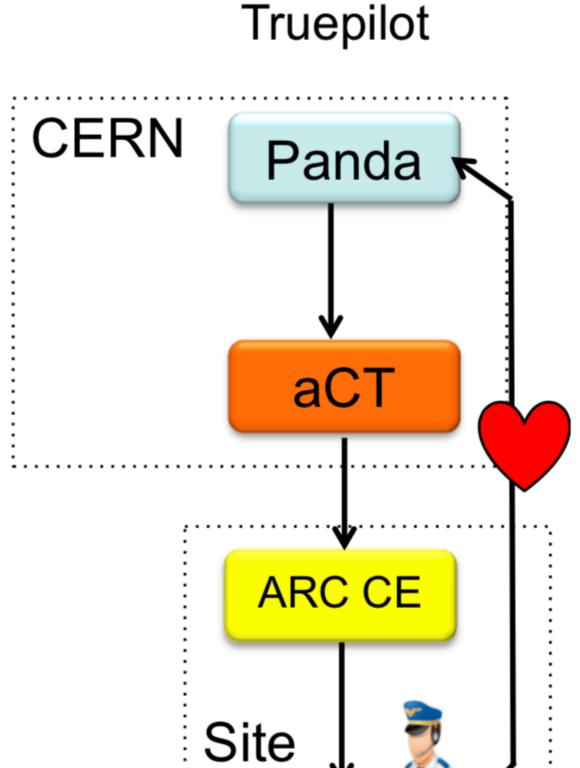
NorduGrid

- ARC CE performs the staging of input/output
- aCT/harvester handles the communication with Panda, acting as pilot

Truepilot

- Pilot on WN uses pre-placed payload
- Pilot takes care of data staging and Panda communication just like pilot pull





Data





FOR FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS

WLCG ARC DEPLOYMENT

- ▶ ALICE: 16 ARC CEs at 10 sites in 8 countries
- > ATLAS: 133 ARC CEs at 46 sites in 20 countries

(about half of them in pilot gateway mode)

- CMS: 38 ARC CEs at 15 sites in 5 countries
- LHCb: 54 ARC CEs at 13 sites in 3 countries





USE CASE FOR WLCG PILOTS: ARC @ CSCS (1/3)

Swiss ATLAS sites have been using ARC CEs since the early days

- 2 ARC CEs at the CSCS Tier-2
- 2 ARC CEs at the Bern Tier-2
- ▶ 1 ARC CE at the Geneva Tier-3







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CSCS-LCG2: WLCG Tier 2 supporting ATLAS, CMS, LHCb

Running ARC and CREAM CEs since the beginning of WLCG operations

- ARC for ATLAS
- CREAM for ATLAS, CMS, LHCb (CMS and LHCb not ready for ARC until ~late 2014)







USE CASE FOR WLCG PILOTS: ARC @ CSCS (2/3)

Motivation for migrating the CREAM CEs to ARC

- Hefty hardware requirements for CREAM
- Modest VM for ARC services
- ▶ ARC ease of setup, configuration and maintenance vs. CREAM (yaim)
- CREAM operation not too smooth

Decommissioned CREAM CEs in 2015

- Subject to ARC readiness of the CMS Glide-in WMS and LHCb DIRAC
- Transparent to experiments
- Allowed a transparent transition from PBS to SLURM
- ▶ Job accounting to EGI out of the box using the existing APEL client initially
- Moved later to ARC native Jura publisher





USE CASE FOR WLCG PILOTS: ARC @ CSCS (3/3)

Admins overall very happy with ARC

- Lightweight operation, maintenance, upgrades
- Some modifications to the information system needed to adapt to LHCb needs
- ▶ Deployed in 2014 to access one of CSCS HPC systems remotely
 - → Catalised the HPC integration for ATLAS, later on for CMS and LHCb
- Also operated in this mode for fronting cloud resources
- As of today operating 2 ARC CEs and 2 ARC data stagers
- In Truepilot and NorduGrid mode (ATLAS), in WLCG pilot mode (CMS, LHCb)
- CREAM to ARC migration fully transparent to all experiments supported







FEEDBACK FROM WLCG EXPERIMENTS

ALICE

- ARC modules for AliEn were implemented using the features of ARC in 2014 and successfully worked until 2017. It was not too difficult to implement these modules
- This makes the ARC CE deployment at sites fully transparent Infosys content need fixing at the sites

ATLAS

- The use of the ARC CE is widespread in ATLAS, both for the classic pilot pull mode (drop-in replacement for CREAM) and the advanced push modes
- It is a versatile product that allows the VO to make transparent use of diversified resources: from classic grid sites to HPCs, voluntary, opportunistic and distributed computing resources







FEEDBACK FROM WLCG EXPERIMENTS

CMS

- ▶ Rely on ARC CEs quite a bit in the CMS distributed computing grid and are happy with their overall performance in conjunction with the Glide-in WMS
- There is consensus that the ARC setup is very easy

LHCb

- LHCb/DIRAC currently uses a fairly simple setup with resources expected to be approximately static at a given site. These requirements are met by ARC
- ▶ Given DIRACs plugin nature and ARC modular structure, it is very easy / seamless do deploy ARC CEs for any experiment using DIRAC
- LHCb and DIRAC based VOs benefit directly from advanced features like job-to-site resource matching, specially at shared sites





CONCLUSIONS

- The ARC CE has been operated with the WLCG pilot model of ALICE, ATLAS, CMS and LHCb for years
 - Also operated in parallel with the CREAM CE at sites like CSCS, and in a mix of modes
- For the experiments, it has been proved to be a drop-in replacement for CREAM
 - It integrates seamlessly with the experiment WMSs
 - ▶ The SDK allows to support the experiment specific frameworks evolving needs
- > Site admins find it easy to deploy and operate
 - Minor adaptations at sites might be needed, mostly depending on the local job accounting scheme for EGI, or for the infosys
 - ▶ Helps managing efficiently resources at sites, specially useful at shared sites





